



Science For A Better Life

International blackcurrant conference 2016

Bayer solutions for blackcurrant in the United Kingdom

Dorin Pop, Ashford, Kent, 14-16 June 2016




Agenda

- Current Bayer solutions
- Future Bayer solutions
- *Phomopsis*
- *Dropsophila suzukii*



Current Bayer solutions

Fungicides

- **TELDOR**[®] (MAPP 11229)
-  **SERENADE**[®] (EAMU-20130706 and EAMU-20150306)

Insecticides

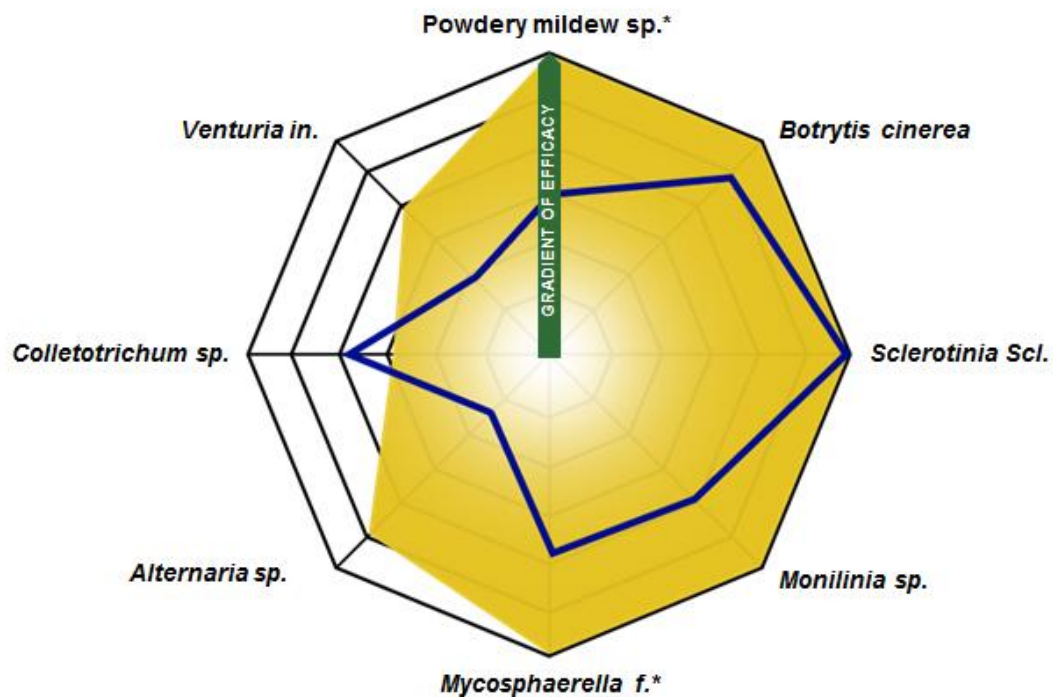
- **caLypso**[®] (EAMU-20142133)
- **MOVENTO**[®] 150OD formulation (EAMU-20121401 – note 365 day PHI)
2xSYS
- **enviador**[®] (EAMU-20161000)

Herbicides

- **ARTIST**[®] (EAMU-20152968)

Future Bayer solutions (fungicides)

- Fluopyram + trifloxystrobin 500SC
- Disease control requested: Botrytis, Powdery mildew, Blackcurrant leaf spot



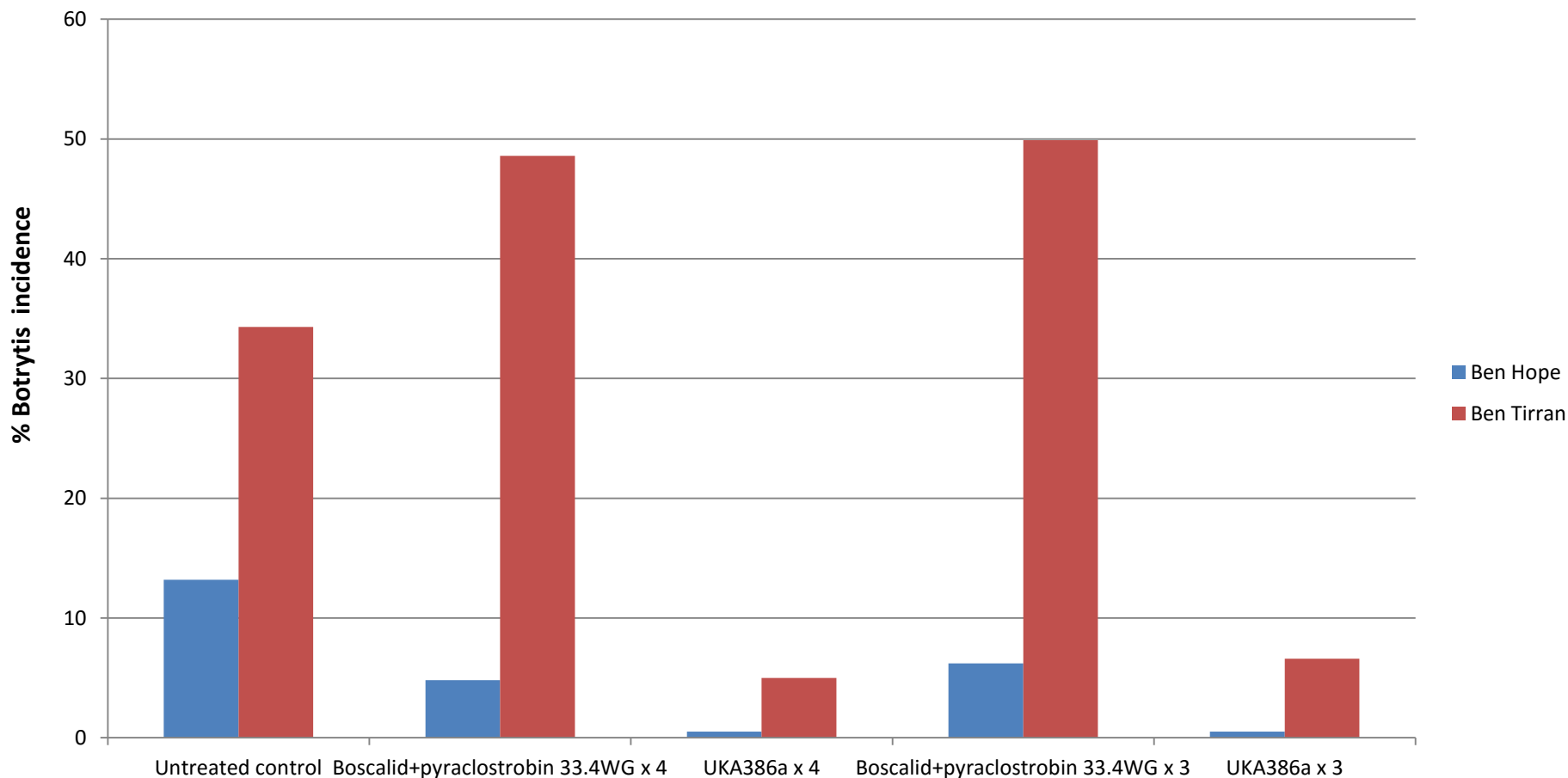
■ Fluopyram level of disease control from 100 g* to 250 g ai/ha

□ Boscalid level of disease control from 150 g to 600 g ai/ha

Scale 0 - 6
(6 = darker = excellent efficacy)

Source: Data taken from a range of trials

Botrytis efficacy results with fluopyram + trifloxystrobin 500SC (UKA386a) in HL01105 (Developing biocontrol methods and their integration in sustainable pest and disease management in blackcurrant production-Link project 2012 report)



water volume=500L/ha
3 or 4 sprays at 7-10 day intervals from 1st open flower

Trial conducted by East Malling (Dr. Angela Berrie)



Future Bayer solutions (insecticides)

- Spirotetramat 100SC
- Pest control requested: aphids, scale, gall mite and spider mite
- Unique two-way systemicity reaches new growth that hasn't been directly sprayed
- Active substance spirotetramat kills hidden and hard-to-target pests
- Safe to beneficials – an excellent IPM choice
- Suitable for a wide range of fruit crops



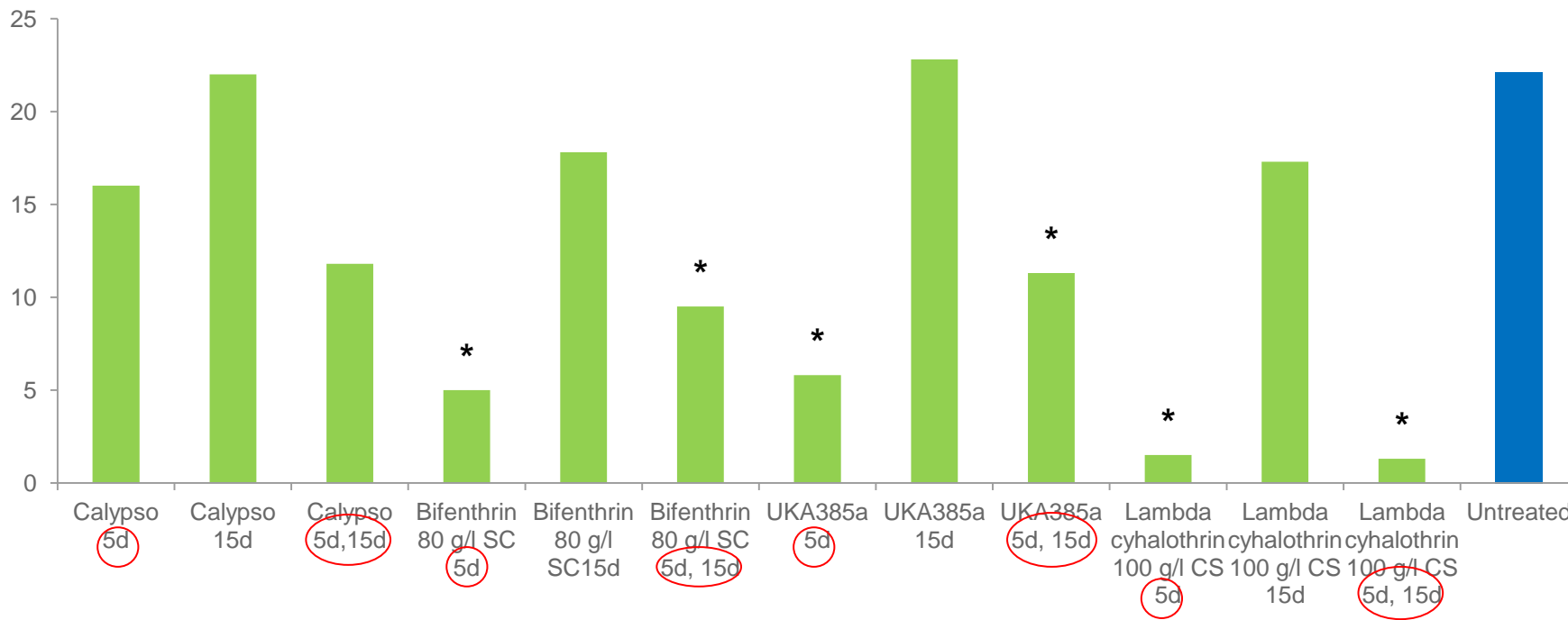
Leaf midge(*Dasineura tetensi*) efficacy results with spirotetramat 100SC (UKA385a) part of Link Project HL01105 (Developing biocontrol methods and their integration in sustainable pest and disease management in blackcurrant production-2011 report)



Assessment done 8 days after the 1st spray

Trial conducted by East Malling (prof. Jerry Cross)

number of leaves damaged 5th May



Bars that are significantly ($P \leq 0.05$) less than the untreated control in a simple one way ANOVA are marked with an asterisk

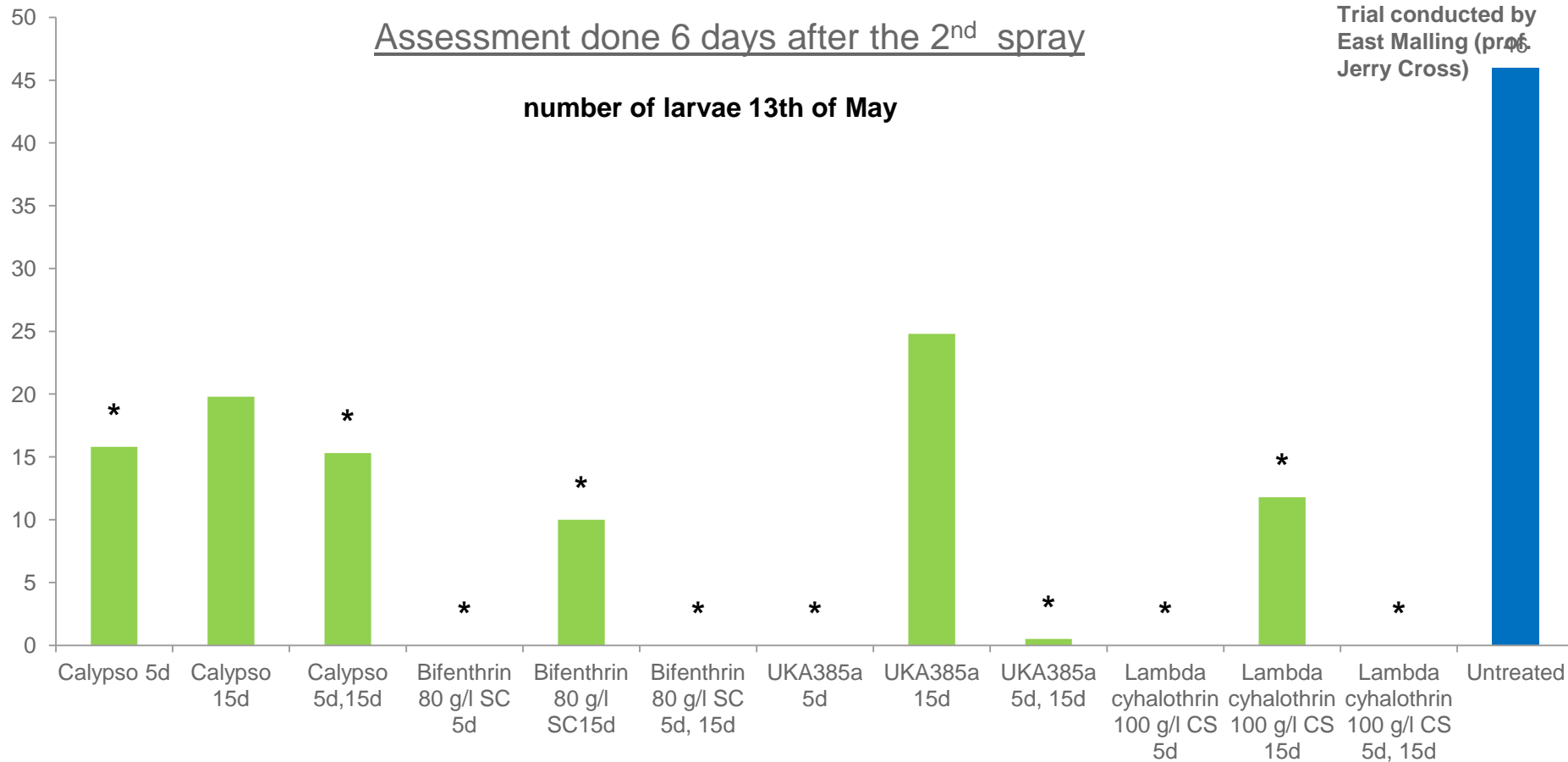
Leaf midge(*Dasineura tetensi*) efficacy results with spirotetramat 100SC (UKA385a) part of Link Project HL01105 (Developing biocontrol methods and their integration in sustainable pest and disease management in blackcurrant production-2011 report)



Assessment done 6 days after the 2nd spray

number of larvae 13th of May

Trial conducted by East Malling (prof. Jerry Cross)



Bars that are significantly ($P \leq 0.05$) less than the untreated control in a simple one way ANOVA are marked with an asterisk

Timing of spirotetramat 100 SC(UK385a) application for the control of blackcurrant gall mite (*Cecidophyopsis ribis*) 2012 HDC (SF 12-230)



Mean numbers of galls recorded **at each assessment** *= significantly different from the control.

Treatment				Mean no. galls/plot (n=30)		Mean no. galls/plot/plant Plant(n=30)		Rate of gall no. increase
Trt	Product	Date	Growth stage	28-May	15-Nov	28-May	15-Nov	
1	UKA385a	1 Jun	Early green fruit	119.6	304.0	4.49	11.69	*2.56
2	UKA385a	3 Jul	Late green fruit	134.6	317.2	5.06	11.92	*1.92
3	UKA385a	10 Aug	Pre-harvest	71.8	558.4	2.66	21.15	6.49
4	UKA385a	5 Sep	Post-harvest	119.8	623.2	4.50	24.34	5.31
5	UKA385a	10 Oct	Post-harvest	97.8	670.6	3.47	24.13	7.54
6	Untreated			115.4	749.0	4.01	26.19	7.39

Total numbers of mites per gall in 7 categories recorded in November from 10 galls per plot 50 galls per treatment.

Trt	Product	Date	Numbers of mites within a gall						
			0	1-3	4-10	11-30	31-100	101-300	301-1000
1	UKA385a	1 Jun	0	0	0	0	0	0	50
2	UKA385a	3 Jul	3	0	0	0	0	0	47
3	UKA385a	10 Aug	0	0	0	2	13	13	23*
4	UKA385a	5 Sep	0	0	0	0	0	0	50
5	UKA385a	10 Oct	0	0	0	0	0	0	50
6	Untreated		0	0	0	0	0	0	50



Blackcurrant: *Phomopsis* control

UK work: FERA, ADAS (with GSK) 2010-2014



+ SF012 (GSK223) FERA 2010-11

*“Branch dieback in blackcurrant: identification and control of potential pathogens, including the fungus *Phomopsis*”*

- Later reports refer to this work showing **significant control** of *Phomopsis* ***in-vitro*** from Serenade

+ SF102 (GSK226) ADAS 2012-13

*“Blackcurrants: Control of *Phomopsis* dead arm in flailed down plantations”*

- No Serenade included in testing ?

+ SF142 FERA 2013-14

*“*Phomopsis* dieback of blackcurrants - methodology development and control ”*

- **Confirmed** SF012 *in-vitro* results: Serenade at as low as 0.001ml/L agar inhibited *Phomopsis* development (= 1ml in 1000L)

+ Commercial applications in 2014

- Difficult to measure effect

Dropsophila suzukii- attract and kill





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Thank you!

Contact details: dorin.pop@bayer.com

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Calypso contains thiacloprid; Envirod contains Spirodiclofen; Serenade contains Bacillus subtilis strain QST 713; Teldor contains fenhexamid; Artist contains flufenacet and metribuzin; Signum contains boscalid and pyraclostrobin. Hallmark contains lambda-cyhalothrin.

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